CIBC 🐼

A Relationship-Oriented Bank Delivering Enduring Value

February 2025

All amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.



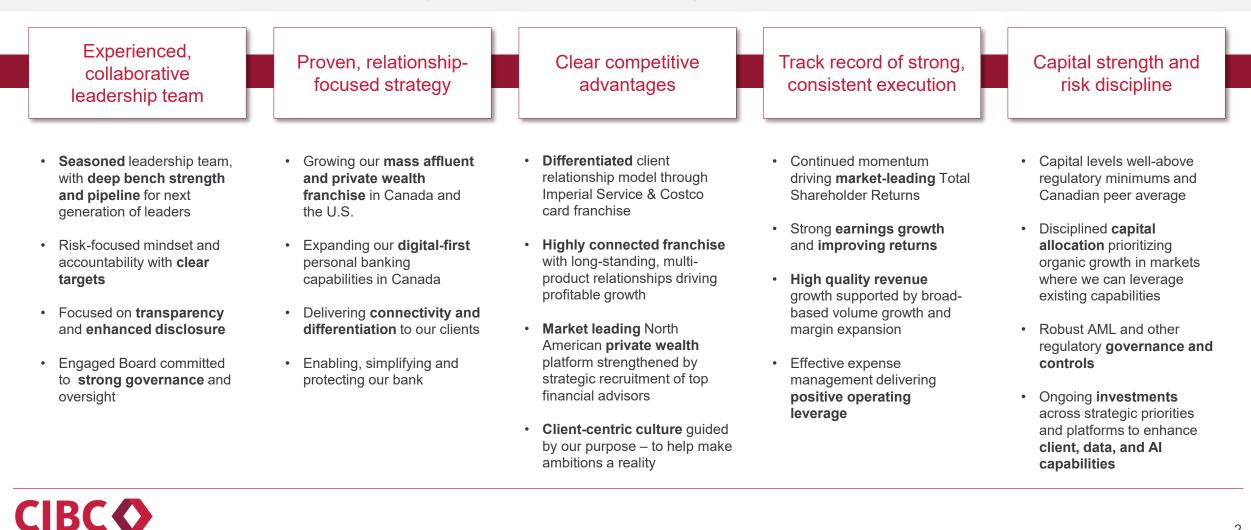
Forward-Looking Statements

A NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: From time to time, we make written or oral forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including in this investor presentation, in other filings with Canadian securities regulators or the SEC and in other communications. All such statements are made pursuant to the "safe harbour" provisions of, and are intended to be forward-looking statements under applicable Canadian and U.S. securities legislation, including the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, but are not limited to, statements made in the "Financial performance overview - Economic outlook", "Financial performance overview -Significant events", "Financial performance overview - Financial results review", "Financial performance overview - Review of guarterly financial information", "Financial condition - Capital management", "Management of risk - Risk overview", "Management of risk – Top and emerging risks", "Management of risk – Credit risk", "Management of risk – Market risk", "Management of risk – Liguidity risk", and "Accounting and control matters – Critical accounting policies and estimates" sections of this report and other statements about our operations, business lines, financial condition, risk management, priorities, targets and sustainability commitments (including with respect to our 2050 net-zero ambition and our environmental, social and governance (ESG) related activities), ongoing objectives, strategies, the regulatory environment in which we operate and outlook for calendar year 2025 and subsequent periods. Forward looking statements are typically identified by the words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "intend", "estimate", "forecast", "target", "predict", "commit", "ambition", "goal", "strive", "project", "objective" and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will", "may", "should", "would" and "could". By their nature, these statements require us to make assumptions, including the economic assumptions set out in the "Financial performance overview - Economic outlook" section of this report, and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties that may be general or specific. Given the potential imposition of U.S. tariffs on Canadian goods and energy and Canadian counter-tariffs on U.S. goods, and the continuing impact of hybrid work arrangements and high interest rates on the U.S. real estate sector, and the war in Ukraine and conflict in the Middle East on the global economy, financial markets, and our business, results of operations, reputation and financial condition, there is inherently more uncertainty associated with our assumptions as compared to prior periods. A variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control, affect our operations, performance and results, and could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in any of our forward-looking statements. These factors include: trade policies and tensions, including tariffs; inflationary pressures in the U.S.; global supply-chain disruptions; geopolitical risk, including from the war in Ukraine and conflict in the Middle East, the occurrence, continuance or intensification of public health emergencies, such as the impact of post-pandemic hybrid work arrangements, and any related government policies and actions; credit, market, liquidity, strategic, insurance, operational, reputation, conduct and legal, regulatory and environmental risk; currency value and interest rate fluctuations, including as a result of market and oil price volatility; the effectiveness and adequacy of our risk management and valuation models and processes; legislative or regulatory developments in the jurisdictions where we operate, including the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Common Reporting Standard, and regulatory reforms in the United Kingdom and Europe, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision's global standards for capital and liquidity reform, and those relating to bank recapitalization legislation and the payments system in Canada; amendments to, and interpretations of, risk-based capital guidelines and reporting instructions, and interest rate and liquidity regulatory guidance; exposure to, and the resolution of, significant litigation or regulatory matters, our ability to successfully appeal adverse outcomes of such matters and the timing, determination and recovery of amounts related to such matters; the effect of changes to accounting standards, rules and interpretations; changes in our estimates of reserves and allowances; changes to our credit ratings; political conditions and developments, including changes relating to economic or trade matters such as tariffs; the possible effect on our business of international conflicts, such as the war in Ukraine and conflict in the Middle East, and terrorism; natural disasters, disruptions to public infrastructure and other catastrophic events; reliance on third parties to provide components of our business infrastructure; potential disruptions to our information technology systems and services; increasing cyber security risks which may include theft or disclosure of assets, unauthorized access to sensitive information, or operational disruption; social media risk; losses incurred as a result of internal or external fraud; anti-money laundering; the accuracy and completeness of information provided to us concerning clients and counterparties; the failure of third parties to comply with their obligations to us and our affiliates or associates; intensifying competition from established competitors and new entrants in the financial services industry including through internet and mobile banking; technological change including the use of data and artificial intelligence in our business; global capital market activity; changes in monetary and economic policy; general business and economic conditions worldwide, as well as in Canada, the U.S. and other countries where we have operations, including increasing Canadian household debt levels and global credit risks; climate change and other ESG related risks including our ability to implement various sustainability-related initiatives internally and with our clients under expected time frames and our ability to scale our sustainable finance products and services; our success in developing and introducing new products and services, expanding existing distribution channels, developing new distribution channels and realizing increased revenue from these channels; changes in client spending and saving habits; our ability to attract and retain key employees and executives; our ability to successfully execute our strategies and complete and integrate acquisitions and joint ventures; the risk that expected benefits of an acquisition, merger or divestiture will not be realized within the expected time frame or at all; and our ability to anticipate and manage the risks associated with these factors. This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of our forward-looking statements. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on our forwardlooking statements. Any forward-looking statements contained in this report represent the views of management only as of the date hereof and are presented for the purpose of assisting our shareholders and financial analysts in understanding our financial position, objectives and priorities and anticipated financial performance as at and for the periods ended on the dates presented, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. We do not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that is contained in this report or in other communications except as required by law.

> Investor Relations Contact: Geoffrey Weiss, Senior Vice-President | 416 980-5093 Visit the Investor Relations section at www.cibc.com/en/about-cibc/investor-relations.html

Why invest in CIBC?

A modern relationship bank delivering superior client experience and top-tier shareholder returns, while maintaining financial strength, risk discipline, and advancing our purpose driven culture.



A leading, well-diversified North American Financial Institution 58.1% 13.5% \$26.7B 1867 13.8% 14MM 49K ROE³ CET1 RATIO⁵ FOUNDED **CLIENTS** EMPLOYEES¹ REVENUE TSR⁴ $(LTM)^2$ (1-YR) (Q1/25) $(LTM)^2$ **DIVERSIFIED EARNINGS MIX** STRONG CREDIT RATINGS Net Income by Strategic Business Unit **Revenue Contribution by Region⁸** Rating¹⁰ Agency (LTM)^{6,7} (LTM)⁶ Moody's Aa2 (Senior¹¹, A2), Stable Other U.S.⁹ Canadian 11% **Commercial &** 18% Canadian Wealth 28% Personal & S&P A+ (Senior¹¹, A-), Stable **Business** 39% Banking \$7.6B \$26.7B Fitch AA (Senior¹¹, AA-), Stable U.S. 10% **Commercial &** Wealth Morningstar 71% 23% AA (Senior¹¹, AA(low)), Stable DBRS **Capital Markets** Canada



Driven by our purpose: To help make ambitions a reality

Who we are

CIBC is a leading and well-diversified North American financial institution committed to creating enduring value for all our stakeholders – our clients, team, communities and shareholders. We are guided by **our purpose – to help make your ambition a reality**, and we are activating our resources to create positive change toward a more secure, equitable and sustainable future.

Our communities

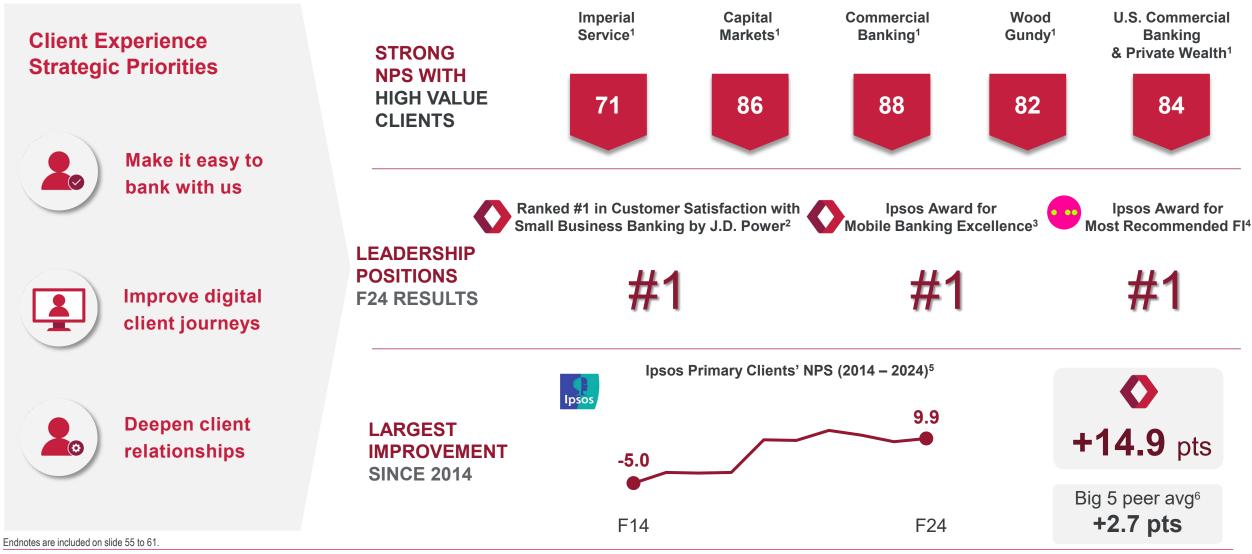
Part of being a genuinely caring bank means taking care of people and organizations that keep our communities strong. Together with our team members, we're strengthening communities through corporate donations, partnerships and the giving spirit of our employees via our One for Change employee giving and volunteering program.

Built on our storied history of supporting our communities, the CIBC Foundation serves our commitment to creating a world without limits to ambition. We're demonstrating our purpose in action by supporting causes that are important to our clients and communities.





Our client focus continues to enhance client experience results across the bank

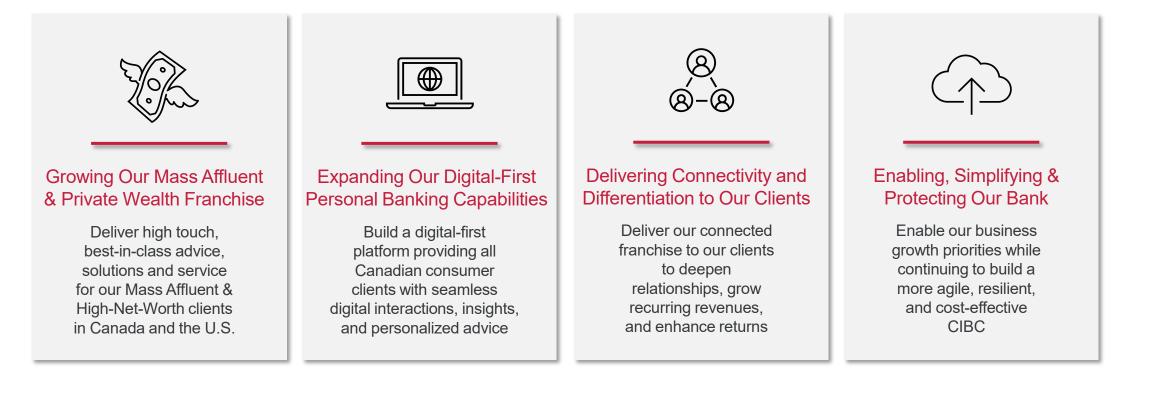


CIBC

An enterprise strategy designed to deliver outperformance



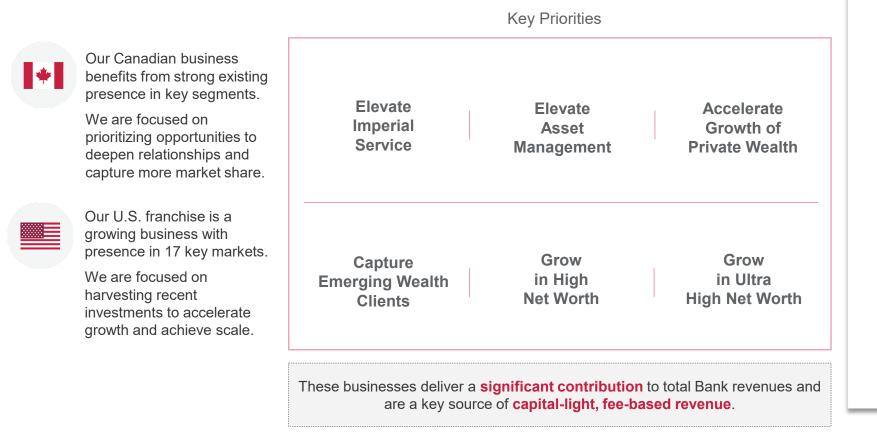
A modern, relationship-oriented bank that generates value for all stakeholders



Growing our Mass Affluent & HNW platform to increase fee income and returns



We are focused on accelerating growth across our North American platforms through a carefully curated strategy



A Look at Imperial Service

A differentiated Mass Affluent coverage model, with a dedicated offering for clients that meet an investable assets threshold.

V

Our playbook

1 Deepening Relationships Opportunity to bring our "whole bank" to the clients who only have a core banking relationship

2 Attracting Net New Clients

A streamlined focus on capturing client segments with a high propensity to become Mass Affluent

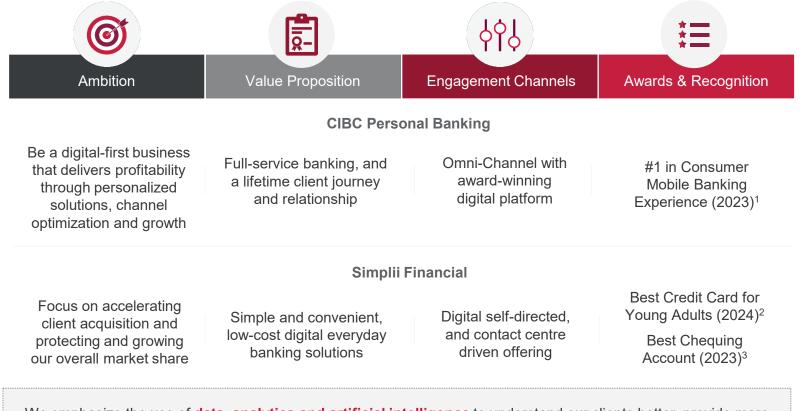
3 Capitalizing on Strategic Partnerships Ability to franchise existing Affluent clients from the Costco co-brand card relationship

Expanding Our Digital-First Personal Banking Capabilities

Providing a pipeline for growth & securing long-term competitiveness



We are optimizing new and existing business capabilities, and seeking opportunities to synergize our two offerings – Personal Banking and Simplii Financial – in the market



Helping clients "Bank on the Now"

"Our new look [for Simplii Financial] brings energy, optimism, and a sense of urgency... clients can expect to see this change come to life not just through our brand but also in our approach to innovation."

Christian Exshaw, Deputy Head, CIBC Capital Markets



Evolving our digital platforms



We emphasize the use of **data**, **analytics and artificial intelligence** to understand our clients better, provide more opportunities for personalization, and maximize profitability across both Personal Banking and Simplii Financial.



Delivering Connectivity and Differentiation to Our Clients

Deliver our connected franchise to our clients to deepen relationships, grow recurring revenue, and enhance returns

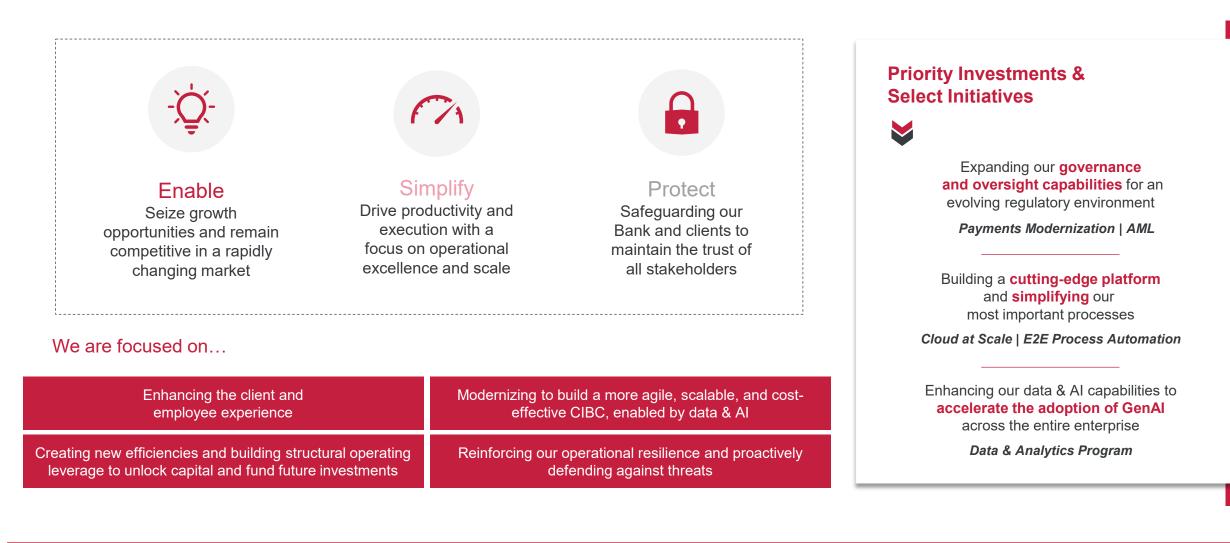


Applying our strategy **Canadian Commercial Banking U.S. Commercial Banking** Capital To deliver the whole Bank to our North & Wealth Management & Wealth Management Markets American Commercial Banking and Capital Further scale our platform to Markets clients, with a focus on growing our Grow Commercial Banking Delivering continue building multi-product risk-controlled growth in our by delivering industry expertise U.S. franchise relationships across the Bank, Commercial Bank, while and unique solutions deliver double-digit growth in continuing to foster strong leveraging the strength of our referrals across CIBC the U.S. franchise Case study: CIBC advises on cross-border Commercial client M&A transaction Long-term focus areas Services provided: Ш CDN Commercial Capital Markets CDN Wealth Bank USA Commercial Banking Investment Banking Wealth Management Commercial Bankin Growing Our U.S. Franchise **Delivering The Whole Bank** Cash Management Global Markets Cash Management Further invest in capabilities and allocate Focus on Connectivity to build resources where we can most long-standing, **multi-product** Wealth Management M&A Advisory EX Facilities effectively compete to grow and relationships, drive growth, of Acquirer Partners Acquisition Financing Cash Managemei generate attractive marginal returns and referral volume (Lead) (Canada)

CIBC

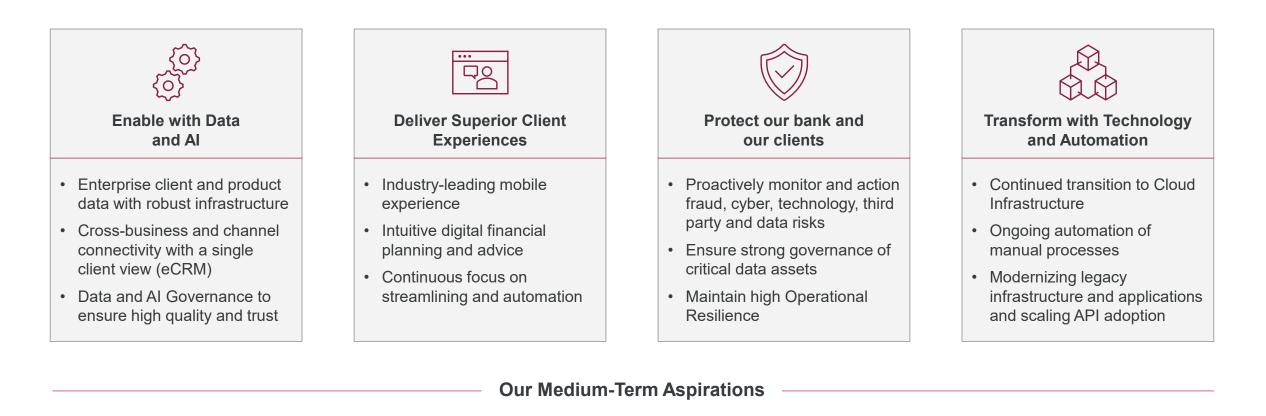
Enabling, Simplifying & Protecting Our Bank

Enhancing operational excellence and efficiency to drive higher returns for our stakeholders



Technology Strategy

Our highly connected strategic priorities drive a need for shared technology and data capabilities



Increased employee and client satisfaction

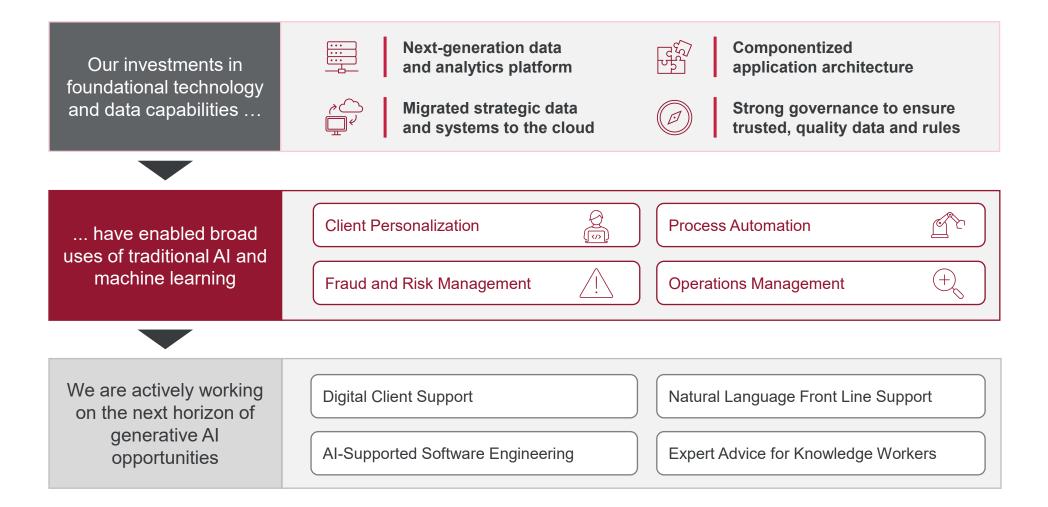
Strategic platforms with highly skilled teams

Improved output and reduced time to deliver



Data and AI Strategy

Our enterprise data platform combined with long experience of traditional AI sets us up well for future opportunities





Our strategy is aligned with our capital deployment priorities

	Organic Growth Remains our top priority Strong marginal ROEs Minimizes unproductive goodwill 	CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT F18 – F24 ¹ \$14B ² (32%)
	 Dividend Payout 40-50% target payout ratio⁴ Maintained or increased dividend every quarter since inception 	\$20B (46%)
	 Inorganic Growth Track record of successful acquisitions Open to opportunities subject to strict strategic and financial criteria 	\$0.6B ³ (1%)
	Share BuybackUsed to deploy excess capital opportunisticallyPurchases made systematically with strong governance	\$1B (3%)
to 61.		

_ . _ . _ . .

Proven track record of financial performance



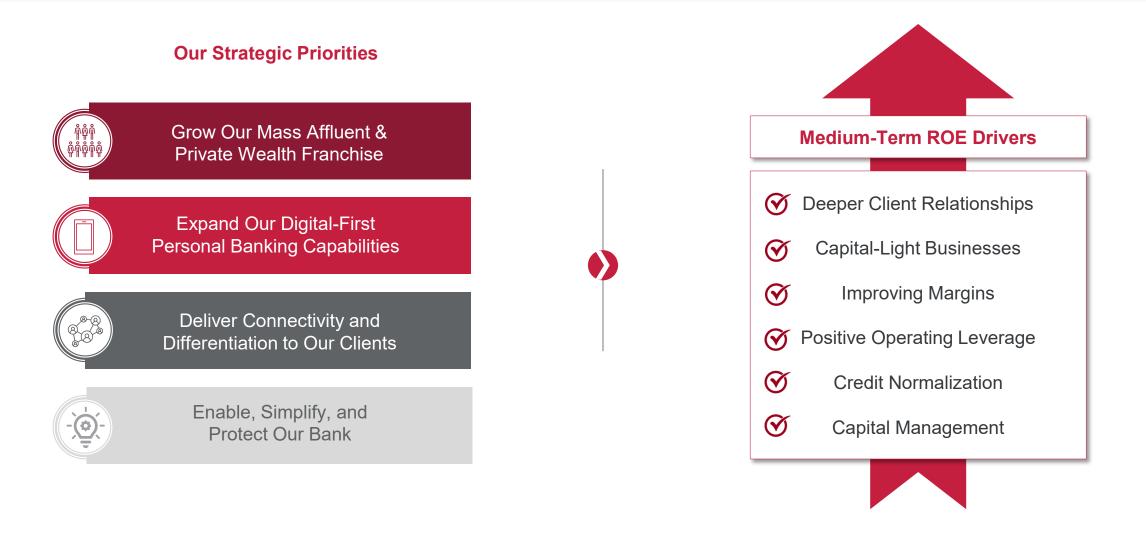
Making progress against our through-the-cycle financial objectives

Fiscal 2025 Medium-Term Objectives ^{1,2}	3-Year	5-Year
Diluted EPS Growth of 7% - 10%	Reported: 1.5%	Reported: 5.4%
(CAGR ³)	Adjusted ^{1,4} : 0.8%	Adjusted ^{1,4} : 4.4%
Return on Equity of 15%+ ⁵	Reported: 12.6%	Reported: 12.8%
(Average)	Adjusted ^{1,6} : 13.9%	Adjusted ^{1,6} : 14.0%
Positive Operating Leverage	Reported ⁹ : 0.7%	Reported ⁹ : 0.7%
(Average)	Adjusted ^{1,7} : 0.1%	Adjusted ^{1,7} : 0.1%
Dividend Payout Ratio of 40% - 50%	Reported ⁹ : 54.9%	Reported ⁹ : 55.4%
(Average)	Adjusted ^{1,8} : 48.6%	Adjusted ^{1,8} : 49.2%



Roadmap to achieving our through-the-cycle ROE target

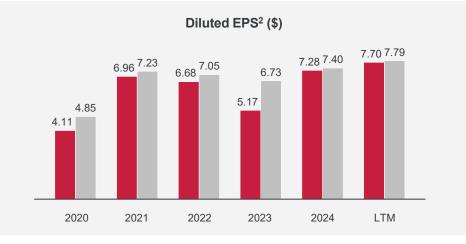
Driving towards a premium ROE through disciplined execution of our strategy

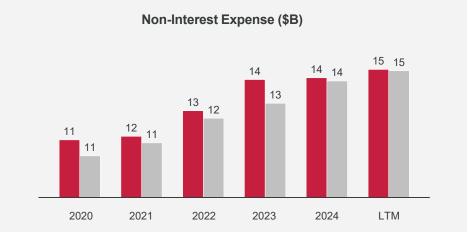




Delivering value for shareholders by driving sustainable growth and profitability¹







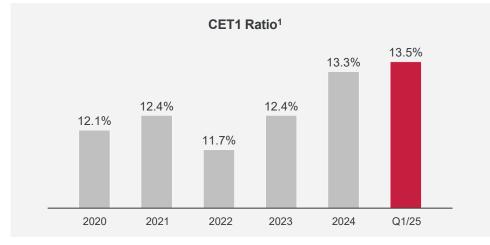


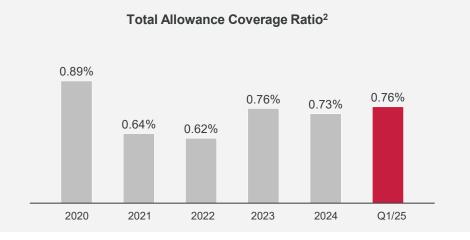
Reported Adjusted⁴

Endnotes are included on slide 55 to 61.

CIBC 🔇

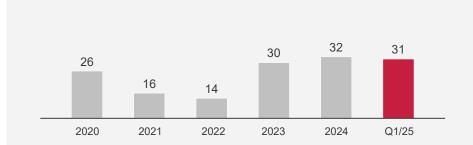
Underpinned by our balance sheet strength and prudent risk management







Impaired PCL Ratio³ (bps)





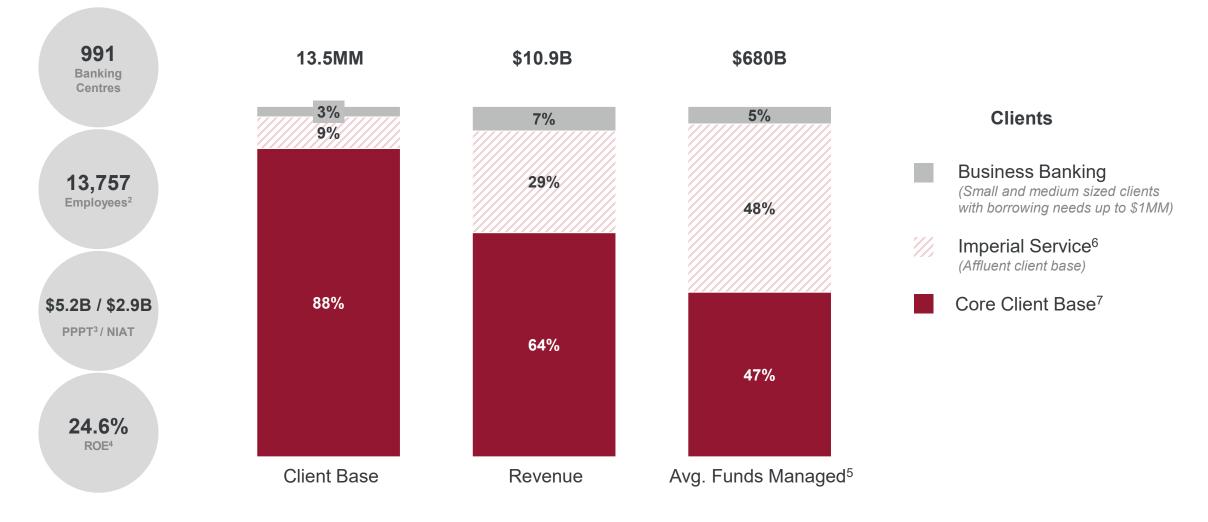


Our business segments

A diversified franchise driving consistent and profitable growth

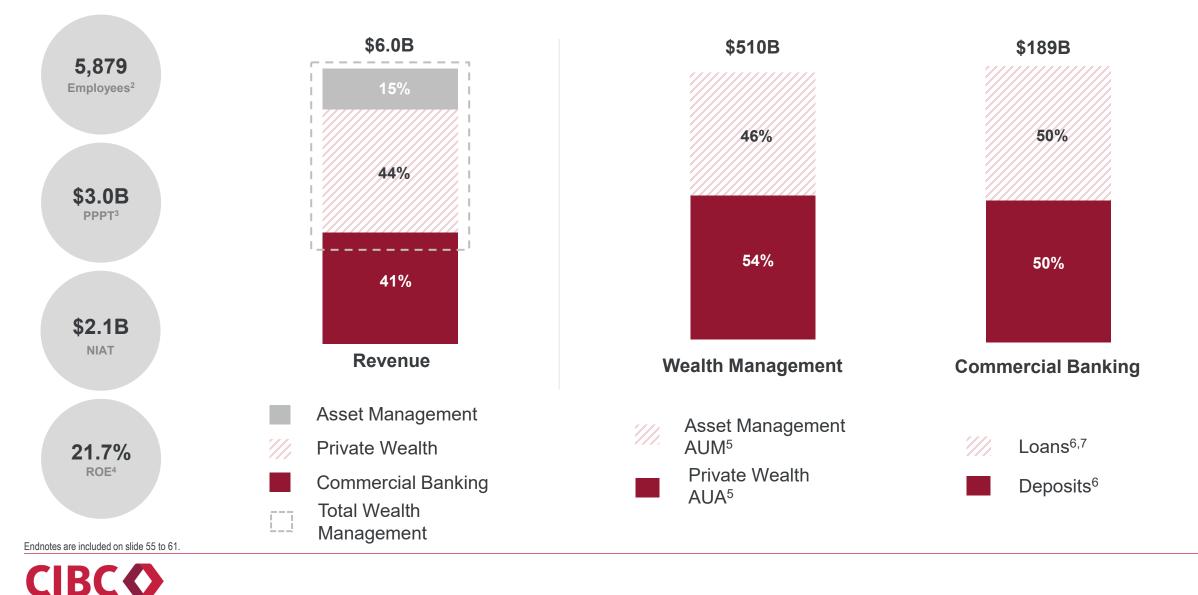
Canadian Personal & Business Banking¹

Helping our clients achieve their ambitions while delivering sustainable and market-leading performance



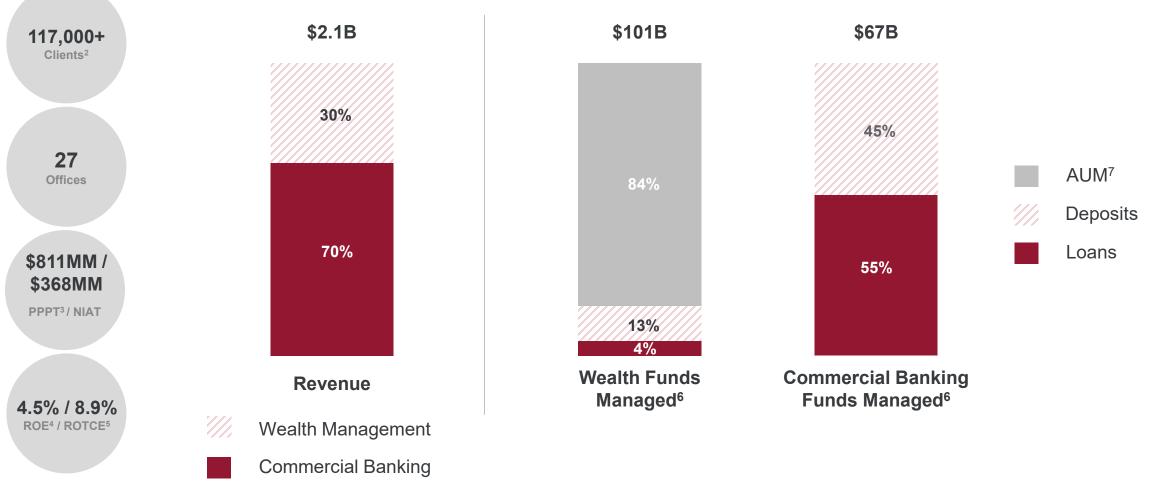
Canadian Commercial Banking & Wealth Management¹

Becoming Canada's leader in financial advice and generating consistent growth



U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management¹(US\$)

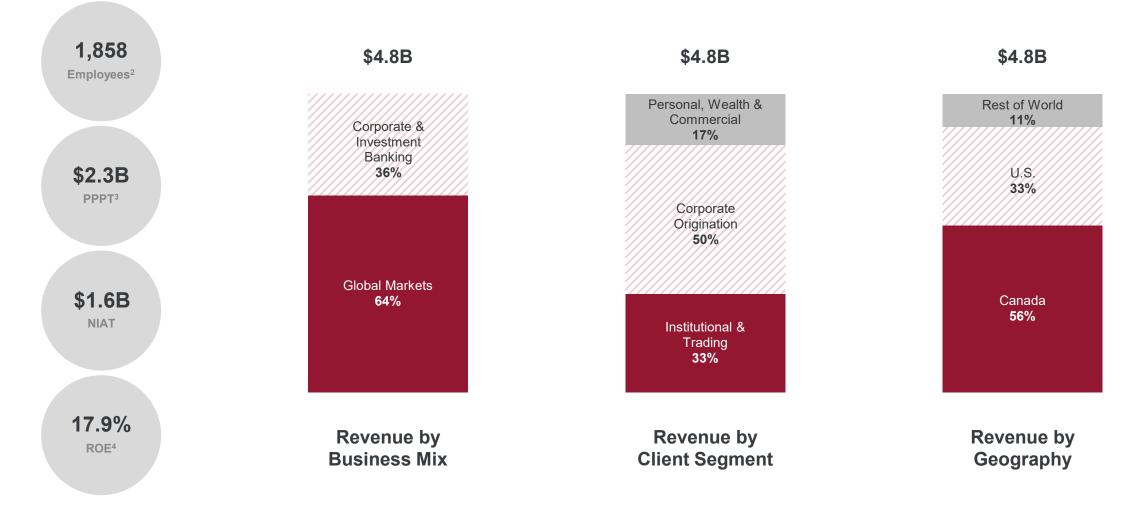
Relationship-oriented solutions with a focus on organic growth and seamless connectivity



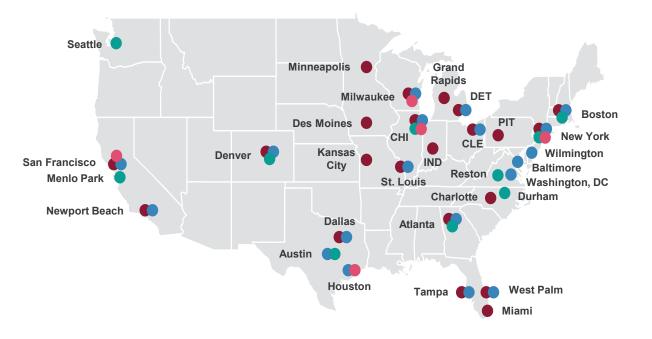
Endnotes are included on slide 55 to 61.

Capital Markets¹

Deliver leading solutions through best-in-class insight, advice and execution







<u>Our U.S. Footprint</u>

Our U.S. Businesses

- Commercial Banking: high-touch coverage model offering real estate financing, mid-market commercial banking solutions, and specialized industry knowledge
- Wealth Management: Private Wealth and Private Banking offering targeting high-net-worth and ultra-high-net-worth households
- Capital Markets: provides global markets and corporate & investment banking capabilities in select areas of strength
- Innovation Banking: tailored financing solutions and banking services for entrepreneurs and investors in the innovation economy







Business Segment Results & Trends



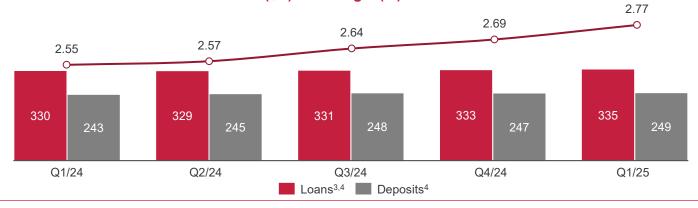
Canadian Personal & Business Banking

Helping our clients achieve their ambitions, and delivering sustainable, market-leading performance



	Reported			Adjusted ¹		
(\$MM)	Q1/25	YoY	QoQ	Q1/25	YoY	QoQ
Revenue	2,923	9%	3%	2,923	9%	3%
Net Interest Income	2,326	10%	4%	2,326	10%	4%
Non-Interest Income	597	4%	(1)%	597	4%	(1)%
Expenses	1,460	7%	(0)%	1,453	7%	(0)%
PPPT ²	1,463	11%	6%	1,470	11%	6%
Provision for Credit Losses	428	\$91	\$148	428	\$91	\$148
Net Income	765	7%	(3)%	770	7%	(3)%
Loans (Average, \$B) ^{3,4}	335	2%	1%	335	2%	1%
Deposits (Average, \$B) ⁴	249	2%	1%	249	2%	1%
Net Interest Margin (bps)	277	22	8	277	22	8

Volume (\$B) and Margin (%) Trends



+22 bps | +8 bps

NIM expansion YoY | QoQ

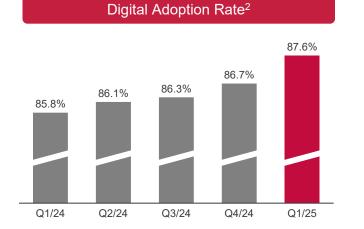


Market share growth in demand and notice deposits⁵

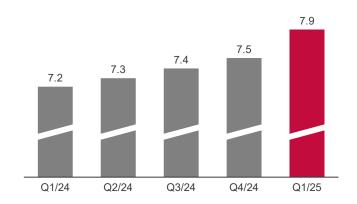


Our Digital Footprint

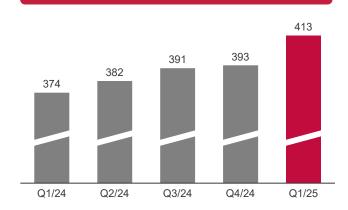
Growing Digital Adoption & Engagement in Canadian Personal Banking¹



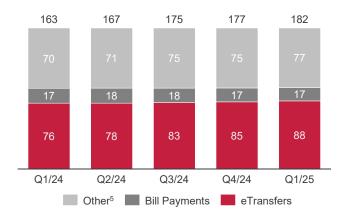
Active Digital Banking Users (MM)³



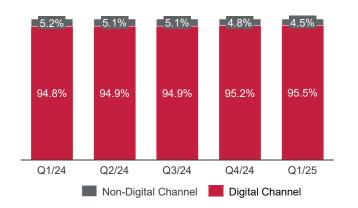
Digital Channel Usage (# of Sessions, MM)



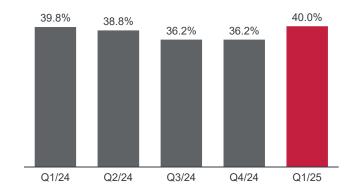
Digital Transactions (MM)⁴



Transactions by Channel⁴



Digital Sales⁶



Canadian Commercial Banking & Wealth Management

Becoming Canada's leader in financial advice and generating long-term consistent growth

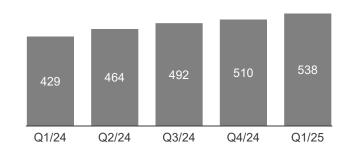


Reported & Adjusted ¹ (\$MM)	Q1/25	ΥοΥ	QoQ
Revenue	1,703	19%	6%
Net Interest Income	718	47%	6%
Non-Interest Income	985	4%	6%
Expenses	853	22%	4%
PPPT ²	850	15%	9%
Provision for Credit Losses	39	\$19	\$15
Net Income	591	13%	7%
Commercial Banking - Loans (Average, \$B) ^{3,4}	100	8%	3%
Commercial Banking - Deposits (Average, \$B) ⁴	101	10%	5%
Net Interest Margin (bps)	289	(64)	9
Assets Under Administration ^{5,6} (AUA, \$B)	538	25%	6%
Assets Under Management ^{5,6} (AUM, \$B)	288	24%	4%

Commercial Banking Funds Managed (\$B)^{3,4}



Assets Under Administration (\$B)^{5,6}



5 bps | 8 bps

Impaired PCL ratio Quarter | LTM

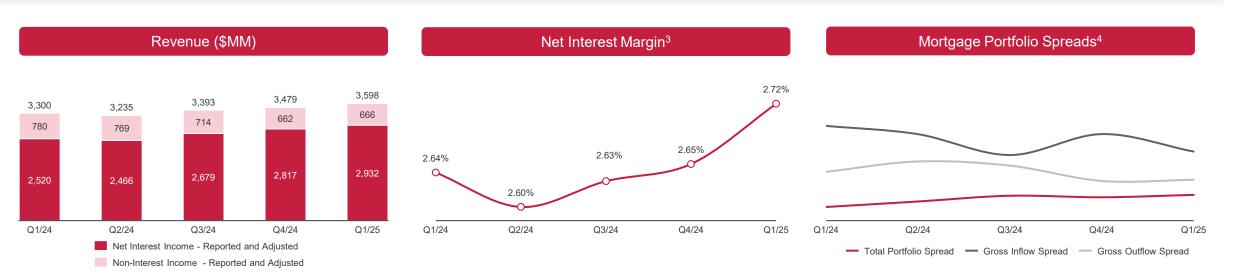
+8% | +10%

Commercial Banking YoY Growth Loans | Deposits^{3,4}

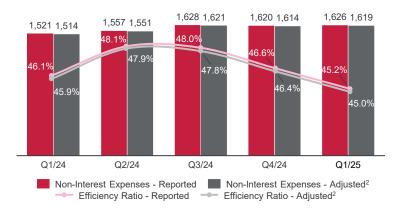


Canadian Personal & Commercial Banking¹

Business Segment Trends

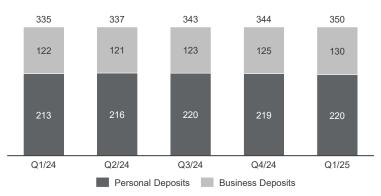


Non-Interest Expenses (\$MM) & Efficiency Ratio (%)





Average Deposits (\$B)⁵





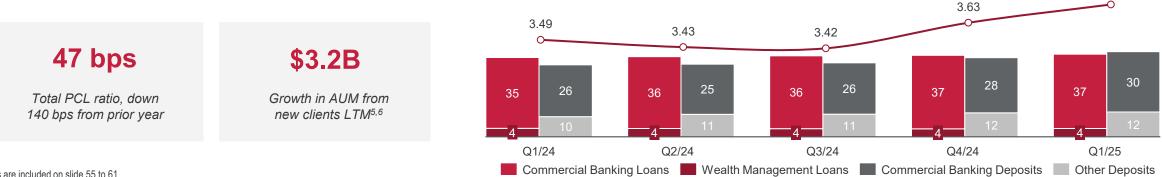
U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management

Relationship-oriented solutions with a focus on organic growth and seamless connectivity



	Reported			Adjusted ¹		
(US\$MM)	Q1/25	YoY	QoQ	Q1/25	YoY	QoQ
Revenue	592	16%	10%	592	16%	10%
Net Interest Income	393	14%	6%	393	14%	6%
Non-Interest Income	199	21%	19%	199	21%	19%
Expenses	329	(8)%	8%	325	14%	8%
PPPT ²	263	73%	12%	267	19%	13%
Provision for Credit Losses	48	\$(134)	\$(13)	48	\$(134)	\$(13
Net Income	178	nm	21%	180	267%	21%
Loans (Average, US\$B) ^{3,4}	41	4%	1%	41	4%	1%
Deposits (Average, US\$B) ⁴	43	18%	8%	43	18%	8%
Net Interest Margin (bps)	378	29	15	378	29	15
AUA ⁵ (US\$B)	109	8%	1%	109	8%	1%
AUM ⁵ (US\$B)	87	11%	2%	87	11%	2%

Volume (US\$B)^{3,4} and Margin (%) Trends



Endnotes are included on slide 55 to 61.

3.78

Capital Markets

Deliver leading solutions through best-in-class insight, advice and execution

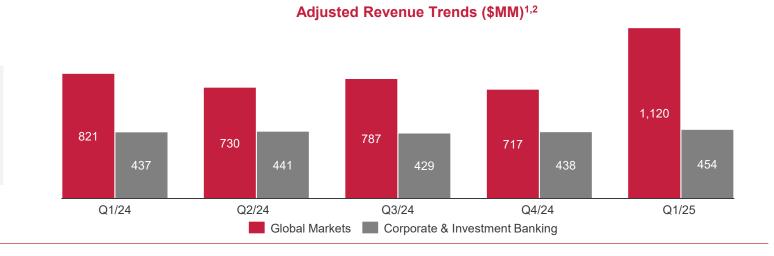
+41%

U.S. region revenue

growth YoY



	Reported			Adjusted ¹		
(\$MM)	Q1/25	YoY	QoQ	Q1/25	YoY	QoQ
Revenue ²	1,574	20%	36%	1,574	25%	36%
Net Interest Income	70	(50)%	106%	70	(21)%	106%
Non-Interest Income	1,504	29%	34%	1,504	29%	34%
Expenses	705	19%	8%	705	19%	8%
PPPT ³	869	21%	73%	869	30%	73%
Provision for Credit Losses	21	\$21	\$(10)	21	\$21	\$(10)
Net Income	619	19%	79%	619	28%	79%
Loans (Average, \$B) ^{4,5}	66	9%	6%	66	9%	6%
Deposits (Average, \$B) ⁵	100	7%	5%	100	7%	5%



Endnotes are included on slide 55 to 61.

+24%

Adjusted trading

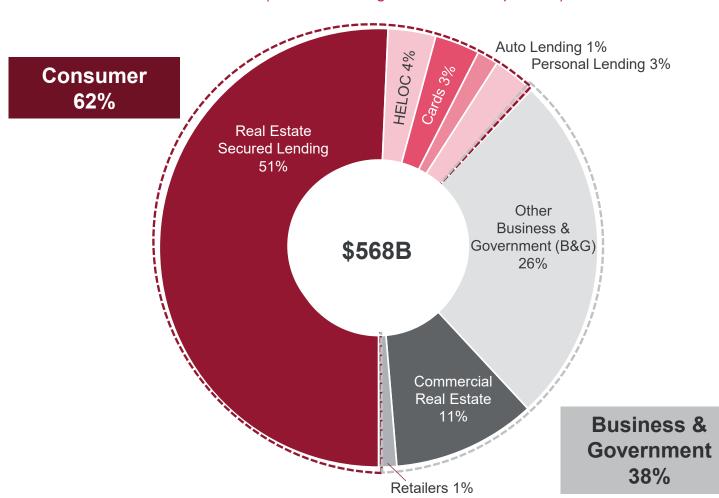
revenue growth YoY¹



Risk Overview



Lending portfolio has a strong risk profile



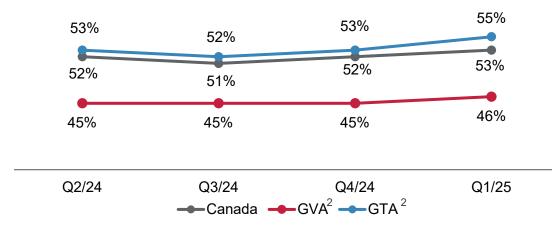
Overall Loan Mix (Net Outstanding Loans and Acceptances)



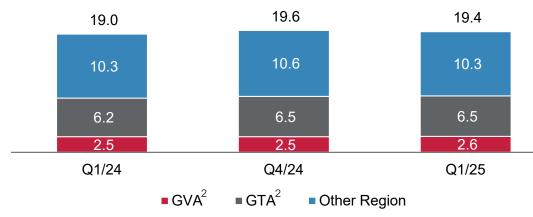
Canadian Real Estate Secured Personal Lending

Mortgage delinquencies perform in line with expectation

Canadian Uninsured Mortgage Loan-To-Value¹ Ratios

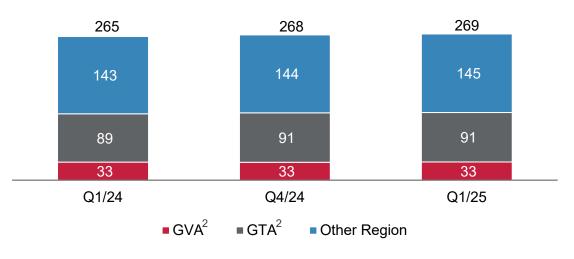


HELOC Balances (\$B; principal)



90+ Days Delinquency Rates³ Q1/25 Q1/24 Q4/24 **Total Mortgages** 0.25% 0.28% 0.31% **Insured Mortgages** 0.30% 0.37% 0.39% **Uninsured Mortgages** 0.24% 0.27% 0.31% Uninsured Mortgages in GVA² 0.28% 0.21% 0.23% Uninsured Mortgages in GTA² 0.21% 0.29% 0.36%

Mortgage Balances (\$B; principal)



Canadian Mortgage Renewal Profile – 3 Year Outlook

Impacts of payment increases at renewal expected to be minimal

Current Balances by Renewal Year¹ (\$B) 87 86 Variable Rate Fixed Rate 26 37 52 9 61 49 43 Average Customer Profile by Renewal Year **FY25³ FY27 FY26** Original qualification rate² 5.6% 5.0% 5.3% Current LTV 45% 51% 58% 4% Interest Rate Monthly payment increase \$81 \$103 -\$1 % of monthly payment increase 0% 6% 7% Payment increase as % of total income at origination 0.8% 0.0% 0.6% 4.5% Interest Rate Monthly payment increase \$102 \$159 \$198 % of monthly payment increase 10% 11% 4% Payment increase as % of total income at origination 1.3% 1.5% 0.7%

- Using illustrative 4.0% and 4.5% mortgage rates at time of renewal, and no borrower income growth since origination, average mortgage payment increases are forecasted to be <u>less than 1.5%</u> of clients' income
- Low loan-to-value of renewal mortgages ranging from 45% to 58% over the next 5 years
- Proactive outreach included a number of initiatives throughout the years to help our clients through the higher-interest rate environment



Commercial real estate loans outstanding are well diversified

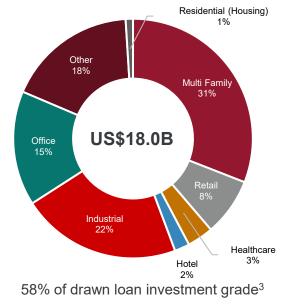
- Canada represents 62% of total Canadian & U.S. real estate loans outstanding
- Gross impaired loans as a percentage of total Canadian & U.S. real estate is 1.35%
- Overall, while the U.S. multi-family portfolio impairments have increased, the overall portfolio benefits from solid underlying fundamentals
- In the U.S. Office portfolio, gross impaired loan ratio remained relatively steady at 6.3% as a result of proactive risk management

Multi-Family Portfolio Metrics

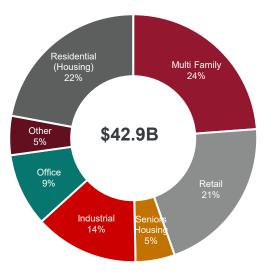
٠

	Canada	US
Total outstanding (\$B)	C\$10.3	US\$5.6
Weighted Average LTV ⁴	59%	57%
Watchlist ⁵ Loan Ratio	0.2%	9.7%
Gross Impaired Loan Ratio	0%	3.6%
Annualized Net Charge-off Ratio	0%	0%
Investment Grade Mix of Drawn Loans	60%	44%

U.S. Commercial Real Estate Loans Outstanding by Sector²



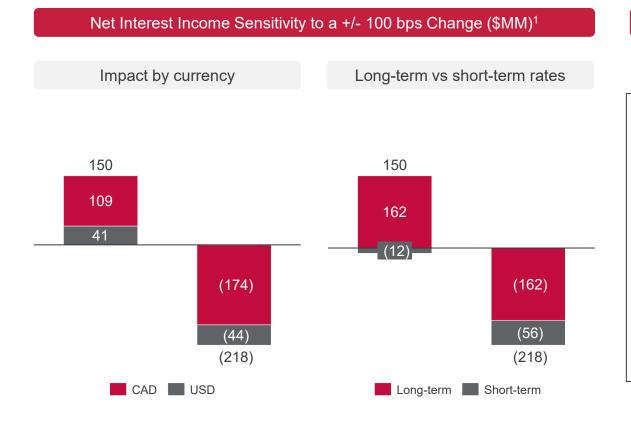
Canadian Commercial Real Estate Loans Outstanding by Sector¹



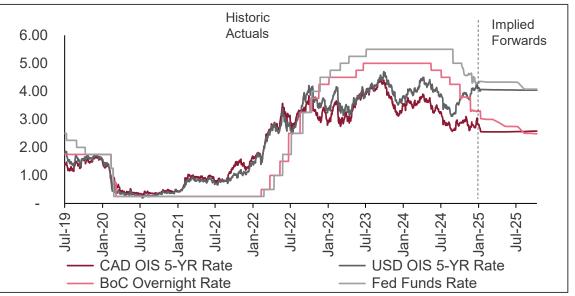
• 66% of drawn loan investment grade³



Well-positioned in a changing rate environment



Interest Rate Environment in Canada and the U.S.²





Economic Outlook & Overview



Economic Outlook¹

Unlikely to see a significant acceleration in global growth in 2025

	Canada			United States (U.S.)		
Economic Indicators (%) ^{2,3}	2024F ²	2025F ²	2026F ²	2024F ²	2025F ²	2026F ²
Real GDP Growth	1.3	1.5	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.2
Inflation	2.4	1.7	2.0	2.9	2.5	2.5
Unemployment Rate	6.4	6.7	6.0	4.0	4.2	4.1
Interest Rate Forecast (%) ^{4,5}	March 2025⁵	December 2025⁵	December 2026 ⁵	March 2025⁵	December 2025⁵	December 2026⁵
Overnight target rate (Canada)/Federal funds rate (midpoint) (U.S.)	2.75	2.25	2.25	4.375	3.625	3.375

Canada:

- CIBC expects the Bank of Canada to continue to ease the overnight rate, reaching 2.25% by mid-2025.
- Easing of the overnight rate should support consumer demand and housing activity, but uncertainties over U.S. trade policy could weigh on business capital spending and economic growth through the first half of the year, and see the unemployment rate reverse the declines seen at the start of the year.
- If major U.S. tariffs are avoided, an improvement in confidence should allow economic growth to accelerate in the latter half of the calendar year, bringing economic growth for 2025 to roughly 1.5%.

Endnotes are included on slide 55 to 61.

B

U.S.:

- More resilient in the face of higher interest rates; slowing population growth and the lagged impact of still-elevated real interest rates could hold economic growth in the mid 2% range.
- The unemployment rate is expected to remain relatively stable over the course of the year, as more cautious hiring in the face of higher labour costs will be offset by a lower pace of growth in the working age population.
- The Federal Reserve is expected to pause its interest rate cutting while it awaits a further deceleration in inflation and greater certainty on the direction of U.S. tariff policies and budget deficits. If changes on those fronts are modest, it could ease by a further 75 basis points in the latter half of the year.

Snapshot of the Canadian economy

Canada's GDP by Province / Territory¹ (%)

ΥT 0.2% NU NT 0.2% 0.2% NL 1.3% BC AB 13.9% MB SK 15.4% 3.2% 3.5% QC 19.6% ON 38.8% NB 1.6% NS 2.0%

Geographical GDP distribution continues to demonstrate that Canada's economy is well diversified

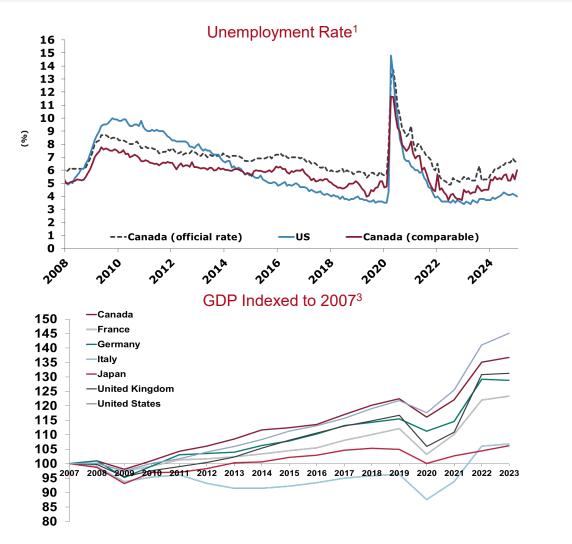
Canada: Key	Facts		
Population ²	41.5 MM		
GDP (Market Prices) ³	CAD \$3,078 BN		
GDP per capita ⁴	CAD \$74,420		
Labour Force ⁵	22.3 MM		
Provinces / Territories	10/3		
Economist Intelligence Unit (2024-2028)	Best business environment: ranked 3 rd among G7; 6 th globally ⁶		
2024 Transparency International Corruption Perception Index	Ranked 15 th globally		
Canada Sovereign Credit Ratings (M/S&P/F/DBRS)	 Moody's Aaa S&P AAA Fitch AA+ DBRS AAA 		

PEI

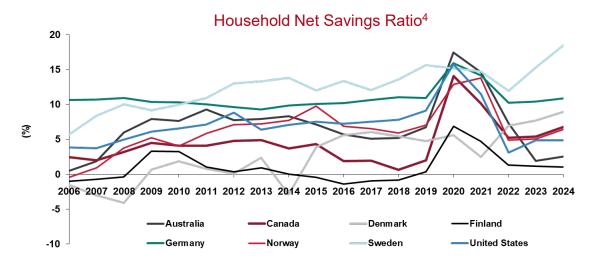
0.3%



Canadian economic indicators demonstrate resilience and performance

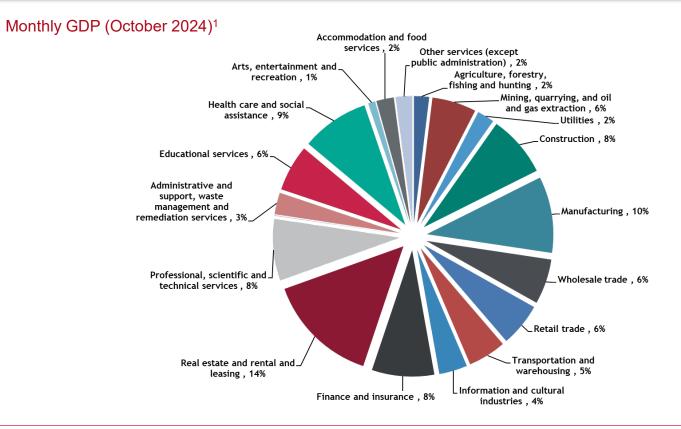


- Canada's unemployment rate has been less volatile and not directly comparable to the United States unemployment rate, due to labour force participation methodology²
- As measured by GDP indexed to 2007, the Canadian economy has outperformed most other major economies since the financial crisis of 2008
- Canadian savings rate consistently positive over the past decade and currently higher than pre-COVID levels

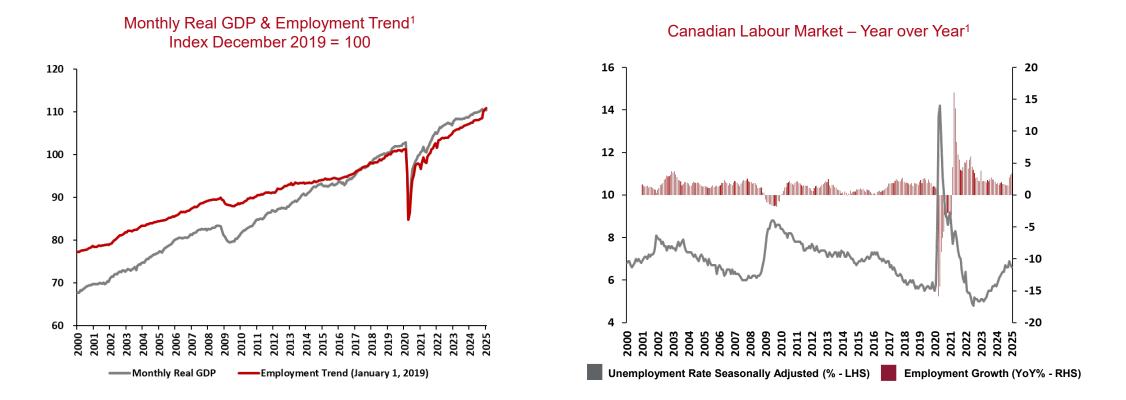


Canada has a well-diversified economy

- Well diversified services-driven economy, with several key industries including finance, manufacturing, services and real estate
- Following the 2007-2008 global recession, diversification had been a stabilizing factor and has led to strong economic performance relative to other industrialized nations



Canada's output and labour market have recovered post COVID...

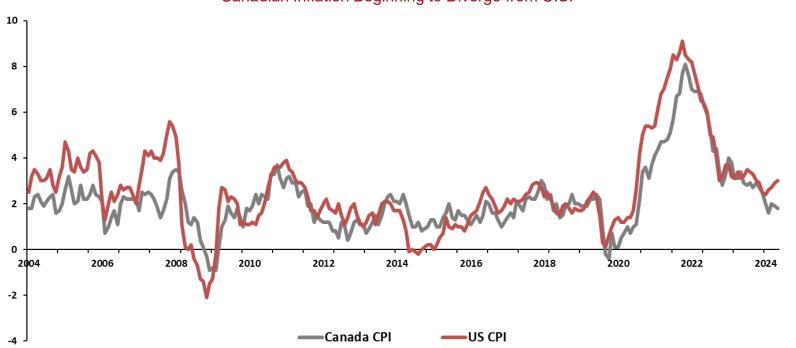


• Canadian Real GDP growth expected to increase by approx. 1.3% in 2024²

• The unemployment rate declined 0.1 percentage points to 6.6% in January 2025, marking the second consecutive monthly decline from a recent peak of 6.9% in November 2024¹



... and inflation is moderating



Canadian Inflation Beginning to Diverge from U.S.¹

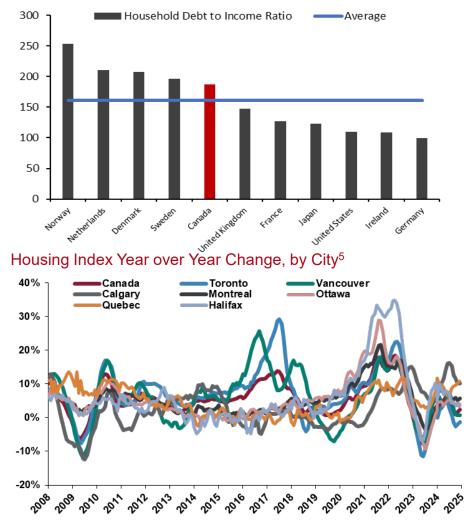
- CPI slowed to 1.6% in September 2024 from 2.0% in August 2024¹
- The Bank of Canada's has reduced its overnight rate to 3%, and with inflation expected to remain close to the 2% target, is expected to continue to ease, with the overnight rate reaching 2.25% by mid-2025



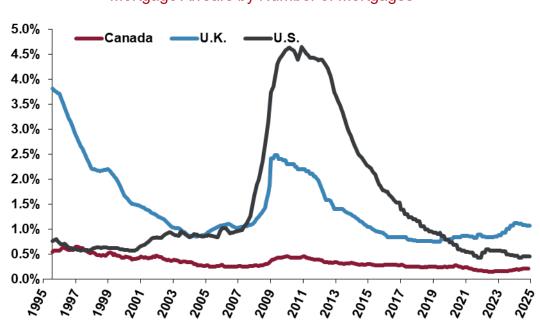
- Absolute price level is moderate compared to major global urban centers
- Canadian debt to income ratio in line with many developed nations
- Growth rates of house prices in Canada have converged across regions

Average Home Price (in \$000's)						
Region	CAD ¹	USD Eq. ²	YoY % Change ³			
Canada	670	466	3.4%			
Toronto	1,070	744	1.0%			
Vancouver	1,173	815	3.7%			
Calgary	573	398	8.6%			
Montreal	550	382	6.9%			
Ottawa	650	452	5.1%			

Household Debt to Income Ratio⁴



Mortgage market supported by strong fundamentals



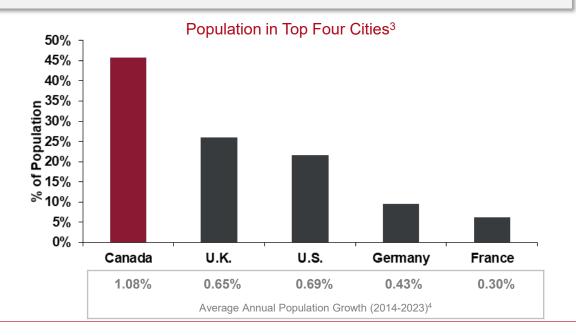
Mortgage Arrears by Number of Mortgages¹

Canada has one of the highest urbanization rates in the G7

- Over 45% of the Canadian population lives in one of the four largest cities
- A greater rate of urbanization is a strong contributor to increases in property values

Canadian mortgages consistently outperform U.S. and U.K. mortgages

- Low defaults and arrears reflect the strong Canadian credit culture
- Mortgage interest is generally not tax deductible, resulting in an incentive for mortgagors to limit their amount of mortgage debt
- In most provinces, lenders have robust legal recourse to recoup losses
- Mortgage arrears have declined from a high of 0.45% in 2009 to 0.21% in November 2024²





Capital, Funding & Liquidity

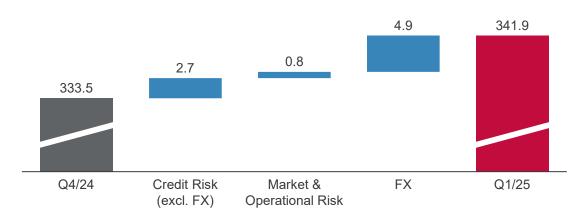


Capital Position

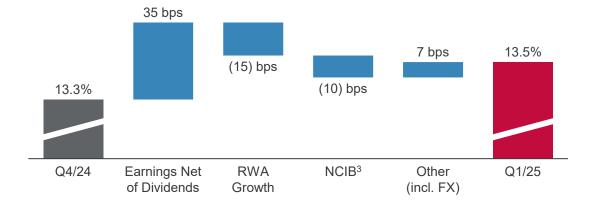
- · Balance sheet continues to remain well positioned to support organic growth
- CET1 ratio of 13.5%, up 17 basis points from prior quarter
 - Strong internal capital generation
 - Partially offset by share buybacks and RWA increases
 - Bought back 3.5 million shares in the quarter

\$B	Q1/24	Q4/24	Q1/25
Average Loans and Acceptances ¹	538.8	551.7	564.7
Average Deposits ¹	732.4	757.9	794.2
CET1 Capital ²	41.2	44.5	46.2
CET1 Ratio	13.0%	13.3%	13.5%
Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA) ²	316.3	333.5	341.9
Leverage Ratio ²	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (average) ²	137%	129%	132%
HQLA (average) ²	191.7	198.4	212.7
Net Stable Funding Ratio ²	115%	115%	113%

RWA (\$B)



CET1 Ratio

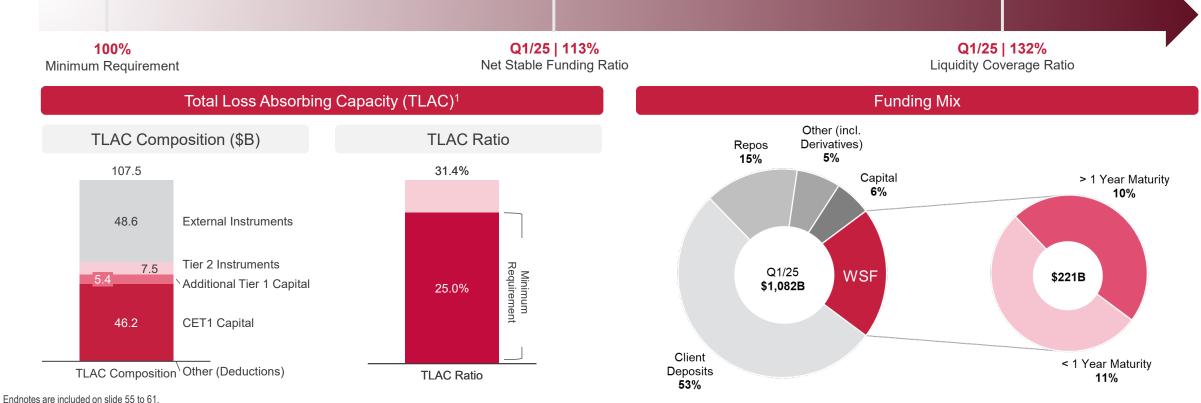




Funding & Liquidity

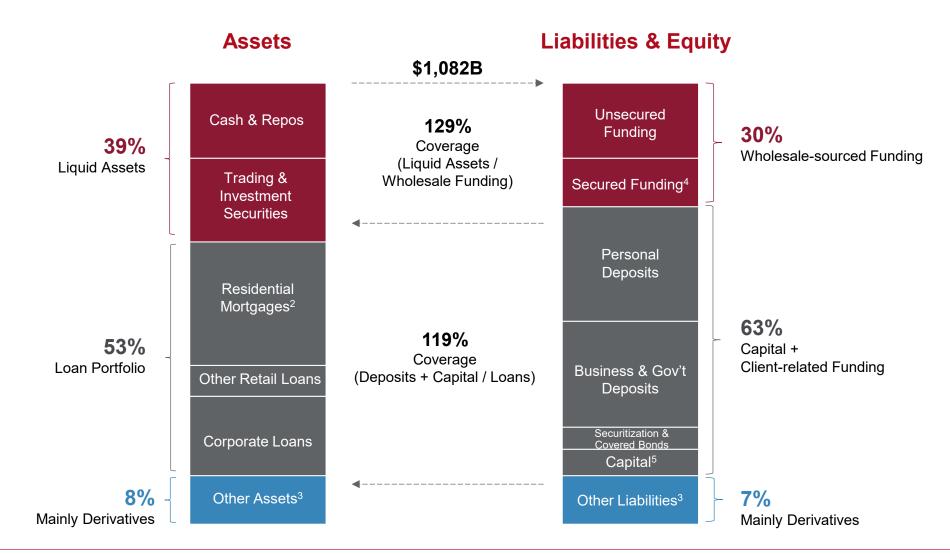
A well-diversified, high-quality, client-driven balance sheet

- Liquidity and funding position continue to remain well-above regulatory requirements
- Client deposits are the primary source of funding, comprising over \$500B of the total funding base
 - Funding strategy is supplemented in part by wholesale funding, which is diversified across investor type, geographies, currencies, maturities, security and funding instruments
 - Wholesale funding comprises of both short-term and long-term funding, across both secured and unsecured



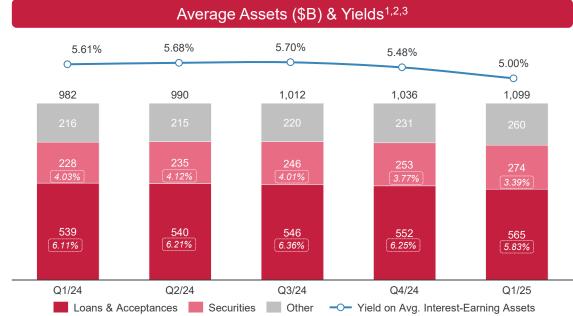
Funding & Liquidity¹

A well-diversified, high-quality, client-driven balance sheet

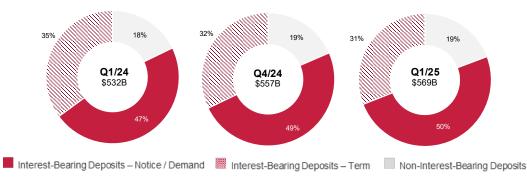


Asset Yields and Funding Costs

Modest growth in loans and deposits and strong margin expansion drive NII growth



Client Deposit Mix (Spot Balances)⁶



Endnotes are included on slide 55 to 61.

54 59 55 57 398 399 410 433 184 190 190 183 4.61% 4.64% 4.69% 4.48% 138 139 142 144 1.15% 1.19% 1.10% Q1/24 Q2/24 Q3/24 Q4/24 Notice/Demand - Personal Term Equity Notice/Demand - Corporate & Commercial Other -O- Cost of Liabilities on Avg. Interest-Earning Assets

4.22%

990

4.18%

982

· Loan and deposit yields down YoY and sequentially, reflecting rate decreases by the Bank of Canada



4.20%

1.012

3.97%

1,036

3.51%

 \circ

1,099

60

475

180

4.11%

151

0.96%

Q1/25

\$MM For the year ended October 31, 2024	Canadian Personal & Business Banking ²	Canadian Commercial Banking & Wealth Management	U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management (C\$)	Capital Markets	Corporate & Other	CIBC Total	U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management (US\$)
Net income (loss)	2,905	2,063	500	1,629	57	7,154	368
Add: Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	1,233	123	560	84	1	2,001	412
Add: Income taxes	1,098	766	42	608	(502)	2,012	31
Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings (losses) ¹	5,236	2,952	1,102	2,321	(444)	11,167	811
Pre-tax impact of items of note ³ Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	(26)		(30)			(56)	(22)
Charge related to the special assessment imposed	(20)	-	(50)	-	-	(50)	(22)
by the FDIC	-	-	(103)	-	-	(103)	(77)
Total pre-tax impact of items of note	26	-	133	-	-	159	99
Adjusted pre-provision, pre-tax earnings (losses) ⁴	5,262	2,952	1,235	2,321	(444)	11,326	910

Slide 3 - A leading, well-diversified North American Financial Institution

- 1. Global regular head count for CIBC. This excludes FCIB, temporary employees and contingent workers.
- 2. Last twelve months (LTM) results as of January 31, 2025 (Q1/25).
- 3. For additional information on the composition, see the "Glossary" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 4. TSR is calculated based on common share price appreciation plus reinvested dividend income as at January 31, 2025.
- 5. Calculated pursuant to Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI) Capital Adequacy Requirements (CAR) Guideline, which is based on Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) standards.
- 6. Net income (loss) attributable to equity shareholders.
- 7. Corporate & Other not shown, and as a result, the chart may not add to 100%. Certain prior period information has been restated. See the "External reporting changes" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 8. Reflects the business line regional breakdown of revenue based on our management reporting view rather than the legal entity location where the results are recorded.
- 9. Includes revenue from U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management, and revenue from Capital Markets operations in the U.S.
- 10. Moody's Long-Term Deposit and Counterparty Risk Assessment Rating; S&P issuer Credit Rating; Fitch Long-Term Deposit Rating and Derivative Counterparty Rating; DBRS Long-Term Issuer Rating as at Q1/25.
- 11. Subject to conversion under the bank recapitalization "bail-in" regime.

Slide 5 - Our client focus continues to enhance client experience results across the bank

- 1. Based on F24 internal NPS surveys.
- 2. CIBC received the highest score in the J.D. Power 2023-2024 Canada Small Business Banking Satisfaction Studies, which measures experiences of small business customers' from the largest financial institutions in Canada. Visit jdpower.com/awards for more details.
- 3. CIBC shared the Mobile Banking Excellence Big 5 award with RBC.
- 4. Simplii shared the Most Recommended Financial Institution All FI award with Tangerine Bank .
- 5. Ipsos Customer Satisfaction Index 2024.
- 6. Peer average based on RBC, TD, BNS, and BMO.

Slide 9 - Expanding Our Digital-First Personal Banking Capabilities

- 1. CIBC ranks #1 in the 2023 Mobile Banking award from Surviscor Inc. Source: https://cibc.mediaroom.com/2023-10-23-CIBC-ranks-1-in-the-2023-Mobile-Banking-award-from-Surviscor-Inc.
- 2. Cash Back Visa Card has been ranked as the Best Credit Card for Young Adults for 2024 by Hardbacon. Source: https://www.simplii.com/en/about-us.html#awards.
- 3. No Fee Chequing Account has been voted as the Best Chequing Account 2024 by Ratehub. Source: https://www.simplii.com/en/about-us.html#awards.

Slide 14 - ... and aligned with our capital deployment priorities

- 1. Does not include Common Equity Tier 1 "CET1" Accretion and may not total to 100% due to rounding. CET1 accretion refers to capital deployed to support CET1 ratio growth from F17 (10.6%) to F24 (13.3%). CET1 accretion represents 17% of total capital deployment.
- 2. Capital deployment for organic growth is measured as capital deployed to support RWA growth (excluding acquisition date RWA increases and changes in FX since October 31, 2017) and capitalized technology software investment (net of related deferred tax liabilities) from F18-F24.
- 3. Capital deployment for inorganic growth is measured as capital deployment to support acquisition date increases in RWAs and capital deductions (primarily related to goodwill and intangible assets, after netting related deferred tax liabilities) for material transactions (including the impact of Canadian Costco credit card portfolio and Wellington Financial acquisitions).
- 4. Based on adjusted measures. See slide 63 for further details. See note 4 on slide 64.

Slide 16 – Making progress against our through the cycle financial objectives

- 1. Based on adjusted measures. Adjusted measures are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.
- 2. Medium-term targets are defined as through-the-cycle, which is currently defined as three to five years, assuming a normal business environment and credit cycle.
- 3. The 3-year compound annual growth rate (CAGR) is calculated from 2021 to 2024 and the 5-year CAGR is calculated from 2019 to 2024. On April 7, 2022, CIBC shareholders approved a two-for-one share split (Share Split) of CIBC's issued and outstanding common shares. Each shareholder of record at the close of business on May 6, 2022 (Record Date) received one additional share on May 13, 2022 (Payment Date) for every one share held on the Record Date. All common share numbers and per common share amounts have been adjusted to reflect the Share Split as if it was retroactively applied to the beginning of 2022.
- 4. See note 1 on slide 64.
- 5. Beginning in 2025, the adjusted ROE target is revised to 15%+ through-the-cycle.
- 6. See note 2 on slide 64.
- 7. See note 3 on slide 64.
- 8. See note 4 on slide 64.
- 9. For additional information on the composition, see the "Glossary" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.

Slide 18 – Delivering value for shareholders by driving sustainable growth and profitability

- 1. Last twelve months (LTM) results as of January 31, 2025 (Q1/25).
- 2. All per common share amounts reflect the two for one common share split effective May 13, 2022, and prior periods have been restated for comparative purposes. See note 1 on slide 64.
- 3. Return on Common Shareholders' Equity last twelve months (LTM) denominator is the average of the last four quarters (Q2/24 Q1/25) average common shareholders' equity. See note 2 on slide 64.
- 4. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.

Slide 19 - Underpinned by our balance sheet strength and prudent risk management

- 1. Capital ratios are calculated pursuant to the OSFI's CAR Guideline, and the liquidity coverage ratio is calculated pursuant to OSFI's Liquidity Adequacy Requirements (LAR) Guideline, all of which are based on the Basel Committee on BCBS standards. For additional information, see the "Capital management" and "Liquidity risk" sections in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 2. Total allowance for credit losses to gross carrying amount of loans. The gross carrying amount of loans include certain loans that are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).
- 3. Provision for (reversal of) credit losses on impaired loans to average loans and acceptances, net of allowance for credit losses.

Slide 21 - Canadian Personal & Business Banking

- 1. All figures based on F24 results or spot data as of October 31, 2024, unless otherwise stated. Certain prior period information has been restated. See the "External reporting changes" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com. Client segment revenue includes only Personal and Business Banking business segment.
- 2. Full-time equivalent employees.
- 3. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings (PPPT) is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 4. For additional information on the composition of this specified financial measure, see the "Non-GAAP measures" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 5. Funds managed include Personal and Business Banking Loans & Acceptances (gross of allowances), deposits and GICs, as well as assets under administration (AUA) distributed in Personal and Business Banking channels. Average Funds managed are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances. We believe that funds managed provides the reader with a better understanding of how management assesses the size of our total client relationships.
- 6. Imperial Service has a client base with investible assets exceeding an internal threshold. See note 5 on slide 64
- 7. Includes our Simplii Financial direct banking business, which was previously reported in Capital Markets.

Slide 22 - Canadian Commercial Banking & Wealth Management

- 1. All figures based on F24 results or spot data as of October 31, 2024, unless otherwise stated. Certain prior period information has been restated. See the "External reporting changes" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 2. Full-time equivalent employees.
- 3. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings (PPPT) is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 4. For additional information on the composition of this specified financial measure, see the "Non-GAAP measures" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 5. Based on spot; Assets under management (AUM) amounts are included in the amounts reported under assets under administration (AUA). For additional information on the composition, see the "Glossary" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 6. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.
- 7. Loans are stated before any related allowances; include loans and acceptances and notional amount of letters of credit.

Slide 23 - U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management

- 1. All figures based on F24 results or spot data as of October 31, 2024, unless otherwise stated. Certain prior period information has been restated. See the "External reporting changes" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 2. U.S. Commercial Banking and Wealth Management clients at the household level.
- 3. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings (PPPT) is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 4. For additional information on the composition of this specified financial measure, see the "Non-GAAP measures" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 5. Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity (ROTCE) is adjusted net income attributable to common equity shareholders, expressed as a percentage of average Tangible Common Equity. Tangible Common Equity is calculated as common shareholders' equity, less acquisition-related goodwill and intangible assets, net of related deferred tax liabilities. Average ROTCE is the simple average of the indicated period. Adjusted measures are non-GAAP measures. We believe that adjusted measures provide the reader with a better understanding of how management assesses underlying business performance and facilitates a more informed analysis of trends. See slide 63 for further details.
- 6. Based on spot; Funds Managed includes U.S. Commercial Banking and Wealth Management Loans & Acceptances (gross of allowances), deposits and assets under management (AUM) distributed in U.S. Commercial Banking and Wealth Management channels. We believe that funds managed provides the reader with a better understanding of how management assesses the size of our total client relationships.
- 7. Based on spot; Assets under management (AUM) amounts are included in the amounts reported under assets under administration (AUA). For additional information on the composition, see the "Glossary" section in the Q1/25 Quartetly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com. Includes certain Canadian Commercial Banking and Wealth Management assets that U.S. Commercial Banking and Wealth Management provides sub-advisory services for.

Slide 24 - Capital Markets

- 1. All figures based on F24 results or spot data as of October 31, 2024, unless otherwise stated. Certain prior period information has been restated. See the "External reporting changes" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 2. Full-time equivalent employees.
- 3. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings (PPPT) is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 4. For additional information on the composition of this specified financial measure, see the "Non-GAAP measures" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.

Slide 28 - Canadian Personal & Business Banking

- 1. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.
- 2. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 3. Loan amounts are stated before any related allowance.
- 4. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.
- 5. YTD market share growth standing out of Big 6 banks, per OSFI as of November 2024.



Slide 29 – Our Digital Footprint

- 1. Based on spot balances as at January 31 for the respective periods.
- 2. Digital Adoption (Penetration) Rate represents the percentage share of Digital Registered Customers who have been engaged on CIBC Online Banking and/or CIBC Mobile Banking at least once in the last 90 calendar days out of all Canadian Personal Banking customers engaged across any channel.
- 3. Active Digital Users represent the 90-day active clients in Canadian Personal Banking.
- 4. Reflects financial transactions only.
- 5. Other includes transfers and eDeposits.
- 6. Reflects applications initiated in a digital channel, and core retail (acquisition) sales units only, which cover Deposits, Cards and Lending.

Slide 30 - Canadian Commercial Banking & Wealth Management

- 1. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.
- 2. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 3. Comprises loans and acceptances and notional amount of letters of credit. Loan amounts are stated before any related allowances.
- 4. Commercial Banking only. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.
- 5. Assets under management (AUM) are included in assets under administration (AUA).
- 6. For additional information on the composition, see the "Glossary" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.

Slide 31 - Canadian Personal & Commercial Banking

- 1. Includes the results of Canadian Personal and Business Banking and Canadian Commercial Banking. Amounts have been restated from those previously presented to exclude Investor's Edge. See "External reporting changes" for additional details in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 2. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.
- 3. Certain additional disclosures for net interest margin on average interest-earning assets (NIM) have been incorporated by reference and can be found in the Glossary section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 4. Gross inflow spread (excluding open and refinancing) represents the client rate less cost of funds. We show gross inflow spreads excluding open as open mortgages tend to be for clients that have reached end of term and not arranged for a more permanent renewal, are outstanding for a short period of time, have much higher rates and hence, spreads than the rest of the portfolio originations. We show ex-refinancing as refinancing mortgages may have blended client rates without directly offsetting changes in our measurement for cost of funds.
- 5. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.
- 6. Average loans and acceptances, before any related allowances.

Slide 32 - U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management:

- 1. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.
- 2. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 3. Comprises loans and acceptances and notional amount of letters of credit. Loan amounts are stated before any related allowances.
- 4. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.
- 5. Assets under management (AUM) are included in assets under administration (AUA). Includes certain Canadian Commercial Banking and Wealth Management assets that U.S. Commercial Banking and Wealth Management provides sub-advisory services for.
- 6. Increase in AUM flows from new clients refers to any inflows (excluding reinvested dividends) related to a client within a 12-month period of client inception.

Slide 33 – Capital Markets

- 1. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.
- 2. Adjusted Revenue includes TEB revenue (reversal) of \$52 million in Q1/24, \$71MM in Q2/24, and \$(123)MM Capital Markets (Global Markets Trading) with offsets in Corporate and Other.
- 3. Pre-provision, pre-tax earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 4. Loan amounts are before any related allowances.
- 5. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.

Slide 36 - Canadian Real Estate Secured Personal Lending

- 1. LTV ratios for residential mortgages are calculated based on weighted average. See page 27 of the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com for further details.
- 2. GVA and GTA definitions based on regional mappings from Teranet.
- 3. Total mortgages include multi-family mortgages while the categories of insured mortgages, uninsured mortgages, uninsured mortgages in GVA and GTA exclude multi-family mortgages.

Slide 37 - Canadian Mortgage Renewal Profile - 3 Year Outlook

- 1. Excludes third party mortgages which were not originated by CIBC.
- 2. Based on average original qualification rate of all cohorts.
- 3. Includes remaining renewals only.

Slide 38 – Commercial Real Estate

- 1. Includes \$6.8B in Multi Family that is reported in residential mortgages in the Supplementary Financial Information package.
- 2. Includes US\$1.5B in loans that are reported in other industries in the Supplementary Financial Information package but are included here because of the nature of the security.
- 3. Incorporates security pledged; equivalent to S&P/Moody's rating of BBB-/Baa3 or higher. In Q1/23, CIBC Bank USA Loans were re-rated, and converted from the Legacy CIBC Bank USA internal rating methodology to the CIBC internal risk rating methodology. The internal risk rating system gives more benefit to certain secured loans and less benefit to certain higher risk loans, which had a significant impact on the risk ratings for these exposures.
- 4. Excludes accounts with no LTV.
- 5. Watchlist is classified as loans CCC+ to C by S&P Global Rating Standards.

Slide 39 - Interest Rate Sensitivity

- 1. A number of assumptions are used to measure Structural Interest Rate Sensitivity. For additional information, see the "Market risk" non-trading activities section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 2. Source: Bloomberg, Feb 2025

Slide 41 – Economic Outlook

- 1. This slide contains forward looking-statements. Refer to Forward Looking Statements on slide 1.
- 2. Data is real % change, seasonally adjusted annual rate, unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Source: CIBC Economics. Estimates as of February 12th, 2025.
- 4. Source: CIBC Economics. Estimates as of February 11th, 2025.
- 5. Data is end of period.

Slide 42 - Snapshot of the Canadian Economy

- 1. Source: Statistics Canada. Table 36-10-0402-02 Gross domestic product (GDP) at basic prices, by industry, provinces and territories, growth rates (x 1,000,000); Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
- 2. Source: Statistics Canada. Table 17-10-0009-01 Population estimates, quarterly
- 3. Source: Statistics Canada. Table 36-10-0104-01 Gross domestic product, expenditure-based, Canada, quarterly (x 1,000,000)
- 4. Source: Statistics Canada, tables 36-10-0104-01 and 17-10-0009-01
- 5. Source: Statistics Canada. Table 14-10-0287-01 Labour force characteristics, monthly, seasonally adjusted and trend-cycle, last 5 months
- 6. Source: Economist Intelligence Unit, 2024 (2024-2028).



Slide 43 - Canadian economic indicators demonstrate resilience and performance

- 1. Source: Statistics Canada; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, November 2024
- 2. Certain groups of people in Canada are counted as unemployed, but are deemed as not participating in the labour force in the U.S. e.g. job seekers who only looked at job ads, or individuals not able to work due to family responsibilities.
- 3. Source: IMF, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2024.
- 4. Source: OECD Economic Outlook Net Savings Ratio of Households and Non-Profit Institutions, April 2024.

Slide 44 - Canada has a well-diversified economy

1. Source: Statistics Canada. Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Slide 45 - Canada's output and labour market have recovered post COVID...

- 1. Source: Statistics Canada.
- 2. Source: CIBC Economics.

Slide 46 – ... and inflation is moderating

1. Source: Statistics Canada.

Slide 47 - Canadian house price growth has normalized

- 1. Source: CREA, January 2025.
- 2. 1 USD = 1.4390 CAD.
- 3. Source: Teranet National Bank House Price Index.
- 4. Source: OECD. Household debt ratios across countries can be significantly affected by different institutional arrangements, among which tax regulations regarding tax deductibility of interest payments.
- 5. Source: Bloomberg, Teranet National Bank House Price Index, January 2025.

Slide 48 – Mortgage market supported by strong fundamentals

- 1. Source: UK Finance, CBA, MBA. *Mortgage arrears of 3+ months in Canada and UK or in foreclosure process in the US.
- 2. Source: Canadian Banker's Association.
- 3. Source: 2014 Census for France; 2021 Census for Canada, UK; 2022 Census for Germany; 2020 Census for US.
- 4. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2024). World Population Prospects 2024, Online Edition.

Slide 50 - Capital and Liquidity

- 1. Average balances are calculated as a weighted average of daily closing balances.
- 2. RWA and our capital balances and ratios are calculated pursuant to OSFI's CAR Guideline, the leverage ratio is calculated pursuant to OSFI's Leverage Requirements Guideline, LCR, HQLA and NSFR are calculated pursuant to OSFI's LAR Guideline, all of which are based on BCBS standards. For additional information, see the "Capital management" and "Liquidity risk" sections in Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 3. Normal Course Issuer Bid. On September 6, 2024, we announced that the Toronto Stock Exchange had accepted the notice of our intention to commence a normal course issuer bid. Purchases under this bid will be completed upon the earlier of: (i) CIBC purchasing 20 million common shares; (ii) CIBC providing a notice of termination; or (iii) September 9, 2025. 3,500,000 common shares have been purchased and cancelled during the quarter at an average price of \$91.59 for a total amount of \$321 million.

Slide 51 - Funding & Liquidity

1. TLAC is calculated pursuant to OSFI's TLAC Guideline, which is based on BCBS standards. For additional information, see the "Capital Management" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.



Slide 52 – Funding & Liquidity

- 1. Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
- 2. Securitized agency MBS are on balance sheet as per IFRS.
- 3. Derivatives related assets, are largely offset by derivatives related liabilities. Under IFRS derivative amounts with master netting agreements cannot be offset and the gross derivative assets and liabilities are reported on balance sheet.
- 4. Includes obligations related to securities sold short, cash collateral on securities lent and obligations related to securities under repurchase agreements.
- 5. Capital includes subordinated liabilities.

Slide 53 – Asset Yields and Funding Costs

- 1. Average balances are calculated as weighted average of daily closing balances. Average interest-earning assets include interest-bearing deposits with banks, interest-bearing demand deposits with Bank of Canada, securities, cash collateral on securities borrowed, securities purchased under resale agreements, loans net of allowances for credit losses, and certain sublease-related assets.
- 2. The yield for loans and acceptances is calculated as interest income on loans as a percentage of average loans and acceptances, net of allowance for credit losses. The yield on securities is calculated as interest income on securities as a percentage of average securities. Total yield on average interest-earning assets is calculated as interest income on assets as a percentage of average of average interest-earning assets. These metrics do not have a standardized meaning and may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other financial institutions.
- 3. Other includes balances related to cash and deposits with banks, reverse repos, and other.
- 4. The yield for Personal-Notice/Demand deposits is calculated as interest expense on Personal-Notice/Demand deposits as a percentage of average Personal-Notice/Demand deposits. The yield for Corporate & Commercial-Notice/Demand deposits is calculated as interest expense on Corporate & Commercial-Notice/Demand deposits as a percentage of average Corporate & Commercial-Notice/Demand deposits is calculated as interest expense on Term-Client deposits is calculated as interest expense on Term-Client deposits are term deposits are term deposits less wholesale funding. Total cost on average interest-earning assets is calculated as interest expense on liabilities as a percentage of average interest-earning assets. These metrics do not have a standardized meaning and may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other financial institutions.
- 5. Other includes wholesale funding, sub-debt, repos and other liabilities.
- 6. Deposit base represents client deposits, excluding wholesale funding. Reflects spot balances as of the respective period ends.

Slide 54 - Reconciliation (segmented basis)

- 1. Non-GAAP measure. See slide 63 for further details.
- 2. Certain prior period information has been restated. See the "External reporting changes" section in the Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com.
- 3. Items of note are removed from reported results to calculate adjusted results
- 4. Adjusted to exclude the impact of items of note. Adjusted results are non-GAAP measures. See slide 63 for further details.

GEOFF WEISS, SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT

Email: <u>Geoffrey.Weiss@cibc.com</u> Phone: +1 (416) 980-5093

JASON PATCHETT, SENIOR DIRECTOR

Email: Jason.Patchett@cibc.com Phone: +1 (416) 980-8691



Non-GAAP Measures

We use a number of financial measures to assess the performance of our business lines as described below. Some measures are calculated in accordance with GAAP (IFRS), while other measures do not have a standardized meaning under GAAP, and accordingly, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. Investors may find these non-GAAP measures, which include non-GAAP financial measures and non-GAAP ratios as defined in National Instrument 52-112 "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures Disclosure", useful in understanding how management views underlying business performance.

Management assesses results on a reported and adjusted basis and considers both as useful measures of performance. Adjusted measures, which include adjusted total revenue, adjusted provision for credit losses, adjusted non-interest expenses, adjusted income before income taxes, adjusted income taxes and adjusted net income, in addition to the adjusted measures noted below, remove items of note from reported results to calculate our adjusted results. Items of note include the amortization of intangible assets, and certain items of significance that arise from time to time which management believes are not reflective of underlying business performance. We believe that adjusted measures provide the reader with a better understanding of how management assesses underlying business performance and facilitates a more informed analysis of trends. While we believe that adjusted measures may facilitate comparisons between our results and those of some of our Canadian peer banks, which make similar adjustments in their public disclosure, it should be noted that there is no standardized measures under GAAP.

Prior to the third quarter of 2024, we also adjusted our SBU results to gross up tax-exempt revenue on certain securities to a TEB, being the amount of fully taxable revenue, which, were it to have incurred tax at the statutory income tax rate, would yield the same after-tax revenue. In the third quarter of 2024, with the enactment of the denial of the dividends received deduction for Canadian banks in respect of dividends received on Canadian shares (applicable as of January 1, 2024), TEB is no longer being applied to these dividends. In addition, TEB recognized in the first and second quarters of 2024 on impacted dividends was reversed in the third quarter of 2024. See the "Strategic business units overview" section and Note 29 to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2024 Annual Report for further details.

Certain additional disclosures for these specified financial measures have been incorporated by reference and can be found in the "Non-GAAP measures" section on pages 7 to 10 of our Q1/25 Quarterly Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com, including the quantitative reconciliations therein of reported GAAP measures to: adjusted total revenue, adjusted provision for credit losses, adjusted non-interest expenses, adjusted income before income taxes, and adjusted net income on pages 8 to 10; pre-provision, pre-tax earnings and adjusted pre-provision, pre-tax earnings on page 10.

Certain additional disclosures for these specified financial measures have been incorporated by reference and can be found in the "Non-GAAP measures" section on pages 14 to 20 of our 2024 Annual Report to Shareholders, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com, including the quantitative reconciliations therein of reported GAAP measures to: adjusted total revenue, adjusted provision for credit losses, adjusted non-interest expenses, adjusted income before income taxes, and adjusted net income on pages 15 to 20; pre-provision, pre-tax earnings and adjusted pre-provision, pre-tax earnings on page 20.



Glossary

		Definition
1	Adjusted Diluted EPS	We adjust our reported diluted EPS to remove the impact of items of note, net of income taxes, to calculate the adjusted EPS.
2	Adjusted ROE	We adjust our reported net income attributable to common shareholders to remove the impact of items of note, net of income taxes, to calculate the adjusted return on common shareholders' equity.
3	Adjusted Operating Leverage	We adjust our reported revenue and non-interest expenses to remove the impact of items of note and gross up tax-exempt revenue to bring it to a TEB, to calculate the adjusted operating leverage.
4	Adjusted Dividend Payout Ratio	We adjust our reported net income attributable to common shareholders to remove the impact of items of note, net of income taxes, to calculate the adjusted dividend payout ratio.
5	Imperial Service	CIBC's comprehensive financial planning and banking services platform tailored to meet the goals of affluent individuals.

